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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/743,407	12/23/2003	Yuji Yasui	101175-00043	8038
7.	590 01/10/2006	EXAMINER		
ARENT FOX Suite 600	KINTNER PLOTKI	LOUIS JACQUE	LOUIS JACQUES, JACQUES H	
-	cut Avenue, N.W.	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Washington, DC 20036-5339			3661	

DATE MAILED: 01/10/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Ane	diagtion No.	Applicant(a)		
Office Action Summary			743,407		Applicant(s) YASUI ET AL.	
			miner	Art Unit	Т	
			ques H. Louis-Jacques	3661		
	The MAILING DATE of this communica		<u> </u>		ddress	
Period fo				шо остооротото и	- 1. 000	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed	on 23 Decem	ber 2003.			
2a)□			on is non-final.			
	Since this application is in condition for			s, prosecution as to the	e merits is	
,—	closed in accordance with the practice		·	•		
Dispositi	on of Claims	·	•			
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-15 is/are pending in the app	lication				
	. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
·	Claim(s) <u>1-15</u> is/are rejected.					
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
	Claim(s) are subject to restrictio	n and/or elec	tion requirement			
	on Papers	.,	Mon requirement.			
	·					
	The specification is objected to by the E					
10)🖂	The drawing(s) filed on 23 <u>December 2</u>				niner.	
	Applicant may not request that any objection			• •		
441	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
* 0	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
\cdot						
Attachment(s)						
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) 🔲 Notice	of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO		Paper No(s)/M	fail Date		
	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO No(s)/Mail Date 12232003.	O/SB/08)	5) Notice of Infor	mal Patent Application (PTC	D-152)	

DETAILED ACTION

Priority

1. Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

However, Applicant cannot rely upon the foreign priority papers to overcome a rejection applied against the claims because a translation of said papers has not been made of record in accordance with 37 CFR 1.55. See MPEP § 201.15.

Information Disclosure Statement

2. The information disclosure statement (IDS) filed on December 23, 2003 has been considered by the examiner. An initial copy of the IDS is attached herewith.

Drawings

3. The drawings are objected to because

Figure 6 is shown to represent three different graphs. Applicant is required to separately label each of the graphs as Fig 6(a), Fig 6(b), Fig 6(c), respectively.

Fig. 9 is shown to represent two (2) difference graphs. Applicant is required to separately label each of the graphs as, for example, Fig. 9(a) and Fig 9(b).

Fig. 10(b) is shown to represent two (2) difference graphs. Applicant is required to separately label each of the graphs as, for example, Fig. 10(b) and Fig 10(c).

While the illustration of Fig 14 is acceptable, it is suggested that each of the figures be separately labeled as Fig 14(a), Fig 14(b) and Fig 14(c).

Applicant is reminded any changes made to the drawings should also be reflected in the specification. For example, Applicant should provide a brief description for Fig 6(a), Fig 6(b) and Fig 6(c).

Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. The figure or figure number of an amended drawing should not be labeled as "amended." If a drawing figure is to be canceled, the appropriate figure must be removed from the replacement sheet, and where necessary, the remaining figures must be renumbered and appropriate changes made to the brief description of the several views of the drawings for consistency. Additional replacement sheets may be necessary to show the renumbering of the remaining figures. Each drawing sheet submitted after the filing date of an application must be labeled in the top margin as either "Replacement Sheet" or "New Sheet" pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121(d). If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

4. Figure 15 is described in the background of the invention. Accordingly, Figure 15 is taken as being of the known (conventional) art. In fact, on page 2, Applicant refers to the description of Figure as being "conventionally" known. Therefore, Figure 15 should be designated by a legend such as --Prior Art-- because only that which is old is illustrated. See MPEP § 608.02(g). Corrected drawings in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The replacement sheet(s) should be labeled

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"Replacement Sheet" in the page header (as per 37 CFR 1.84(c)) so as not to obstruct any portion of the drawing figures. If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Specification

5. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:

There are no brief descriptions for Fig 5(a) and Fig 5 (b), Fig 10(a), Fig 10(b), Fig 13(a),

Fig 13(b), Fig 14(a), Fig 14(b), Fig 14(c).

Appropriate correction is required.

Double Patenting

6. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., In re Berg, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); In re Goodman, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); In re Longi, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); In re Van Ornum, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); In re Vogel, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and In re Thorington, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1-15 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-6 of copending Application No. 11/107,960 [US 2005/0234625]. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the mere recitation of the claimed limitations in a different fashion does not make the claims of the present application patentably distinct over the claims of the copending application. In addition, it is well settled that the omission of an element, and its function is an obvious expedient if the remaining elements perform the same function as before. In re Karlson, 136 USPQ 184 (CCPA 1963). Also note Ex parte Rainu, 168 USPQ 375 (Bd. App. 1969). Omission of a reference element of step whose function is not needed would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art. The damping behavior and damping speed of the

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

deviation (difference) are recited in the dependent claims (e.g., claim 3).

8. Claims 1-15 are also provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-6 of copending Application No. 10/743,464 [US 2004/0145321]. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the mere recitation of the claimed limitations in a different fashion does not make the claims of the present application patentably distinct over the claims of the copending application. The different positions of the contact member in the claims of the present application are recited as different state values in the copending application. In particular, claim 9 of the copending application recite the f8unctions of the operation amount determining. Furthermore, it is well settled that the omission of an element, and its function is an

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obvious expedient if the remaining elements perform the same function as before. In re Karlson, 136 USPQ 184 (CCPA 1963). Also note Ex parte Rainu, 168 USPQ 375 (Bd. App. 1969). Omission of a reference element of step whose function is not needed would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Conclusion

9. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

6,487,337	Yamanaka et al	Nov. 2002
6,505,718	Fujita et al	Jan. 2003
6,571,135	Bergold et al	May 2003
6,719,115	Rogner et al	Apr. 2004
6,810,768	Comfort et al	Nov. 2004

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jacques H. Louis-Jacques whose telephone number is 571-272-6962. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th 5:30 AM to 4:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thomas Black can be reached on 571-272-6956. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Jacques H Louis-Jacques Primary Examiner Art Unit 3661 Page 7